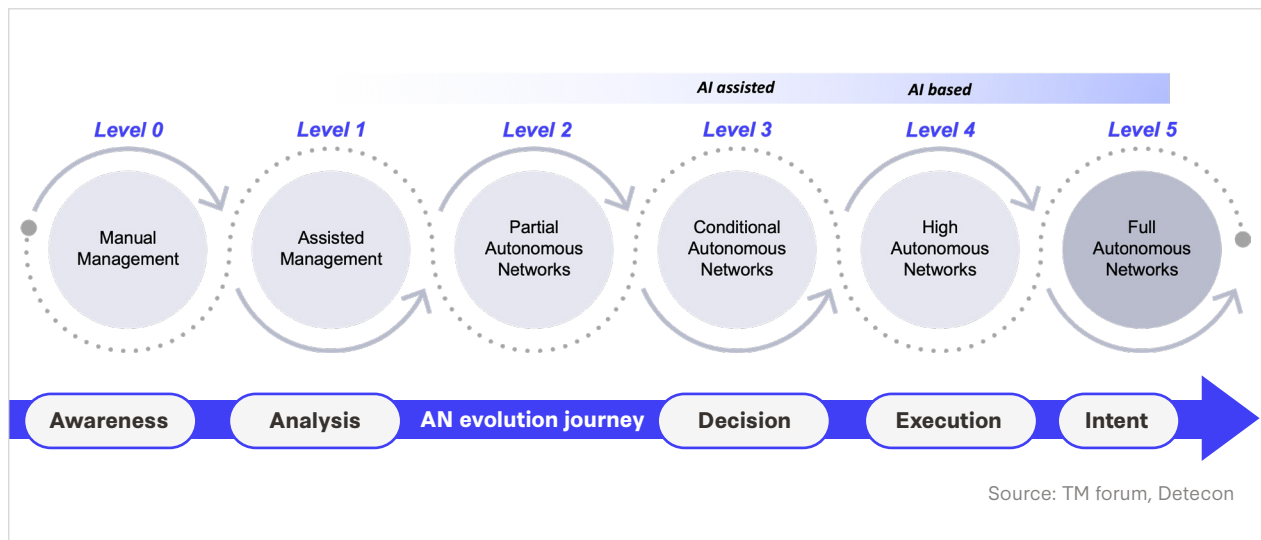


Autonomous networks: Advancing toward the future

Exploring the evolution, components, and
benefits of autonomous network systems

As digital connectivity expands, the demand for smarter, faster, and more efficient networks has given rise to autonomous networks—self-managing systems powered by AI, machine learning, and advanced analytics. Unlike traditional networks that require manual intervention, autonomous networks can provision, monitor, troubleshoot, and optimize themselves in real time, adapting dynamically to changing conditions. These networks are categorized by levels of autonomy, from fully manual (Level 0) to fully autonomous (Level 5), reflecting their increasing ability to operate independently and intelligently across diverse scenarios.

Levels of autonomy



In the network domain, AI is the key capability to reach autonomous networks level 4.



The major components of autonomous networks

These networks rely on a combination of advanced technologies and systems to achieve true autonomy. The following are some of the critical components that enable their functionality:



Artificial intelligence and machine learning

AI and ML form the backbone of autonomous networks. These technologies analyse vast amounts of data within the network, identifying patterns, predicting potential issues, and making informed decisions to address them without human intervention.



Network Function Virtualisation (NFV)

NFV allows network services to run as software, decoupled from physical hardware. This virtualisation provides flexibility and scalability, enabling autonomous networks to adapt to varying demands dynamically.



Software-Defined Networking (SDN)

SDN separates the control plane from the data plane, allowing centralised and automated management of network resources. This centralisation is essential for ensuring seamless operation in autonomous environments.



Closed-loop automation

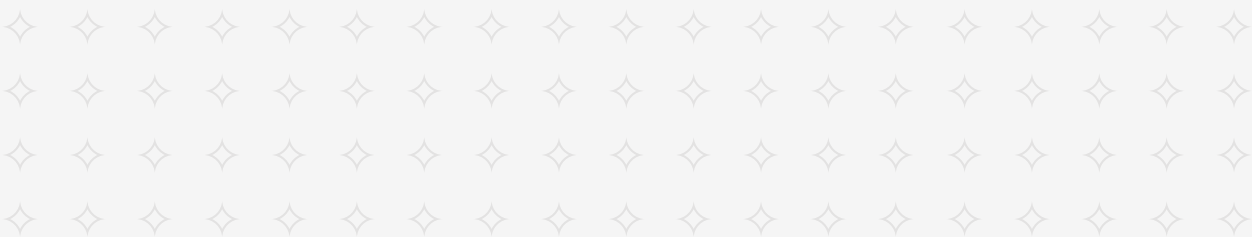
Closed-loop automation enables networks to perform tasks in a continuous cycle of observation, analysis, decision-making, and action. This feedback system ensures that the network continuously improves its performance.



Data analytics and predictive modelling

Autonomous networks depend heavily on data analytics to monitor performance metrics, predict failures, and optimise resource allocation. Predictive modelling further empowers the network to anticipate future needs and challenges.

Transitioning into a full-blown autonomous network operation for any telco involves incremental technological advancements. The focus usually starts with optimizing the underlying processes with automation to drive cost benefits, but soon, the data gravitational pull shifts it towards integrating analytics within the ecosystem.



Role of analytics and AI in autonomous networks

As telcos accelerate their transformation journeys, shifting from traditional network management to autonomous networks is not just a technological evolution but a strategic necessity. At the heart of this transformation lies the augmentation of analytics and AI, elevating networks from merely automated to truly intelligent and self-governing.

Data correlation ease and aggregation become fundamental to performance monitoring or deploying agentic experience on top of future AI-related use case deployment. The power of data is well understood by the relevant stakeholders in the CTO organization across plan, design, build, run, and operate life cycles.

The Importance of AI and analytics in correlation to the network life cycle

AI and advanced analytics have become essential components in enabling network autonomy. In the rapidly changing telecom environments, the vast scale, high speed, and intricate complexity of data render manual operations impractical. Augmented analytics, which integrates AI, machine learning, and data science automation, provides the necessary intelligence layer for autonomous networks to operate effectively.

Augmented analytics does not replace human decision-making; rather, it enhances it by:

- Automating routine diagnostics and responses
- Improving decision accuracy through real-time insights
- Scaling knowledge across the network with machine learning

This approach transitions operations from reactive to proactive and predictive, reducing reliance on human intervention, minimizing errors, and facilitating quicker, data-driven decisions. This is largely empowered by the data correlation and aggregation engine driven by the integration of the underlying network process in scope, demystifying the associated business rules and then superimposing them on any network-related business service.

Data correlation becomes super easy, and data integration in the current network process life cycle is a seamless experience, resulting in better decision-making. Not just that, data is also a common denominator that helps in making every operation relatable and objective.

Building the cognitive foundation for autonomy

Telcos can enable AI-first networks by adopting:

- Unified data platforms for real-time and historical data access.
- Modular AI models in operational workflows.
- Federated learning ensures continuous learning while protecting data privacy.

Augmented analytics support intent-based networking, allowing the network to determine the best path to achieve desired outcomes autonomously.

From augmentation to autonomy: A telco imperative

The convergence of AI and analytics focuses on operational efficiency and strategic flexibility. It enables telecom companies to:

- Move from static rule-based management to dynamic, learning-based governance.
- Implement zero-touch operations and near real-time service assurance.
- Develop platform-led, experience-centric service models.

This journey requires more than technology—it demands a culture of experimentation, a modern data fabric, and cross-functional alignment between network, IT, and business teams.

The operating model for AI/genAI and its correlation with autonomous networks

As telecom operators transition toward autonomous, zero-touch networks, traditional operating models fail to enable the scale, speed, and intelligence required. The fusion of AI and generative AI (genAI) with network operations offers a unique opportunity to redefine how telcos manage complexity, agility, and customer expectations. However, achieving this requires a fit-for-purpose AI operating model that is tightly aligned with the principles of autonomy, agility, and trust.

The imperative for an AI-native operating model

The journey to autonomous networks is not only about deploying intelligent tools; it's about re-architecting how decisions are made, actions are executed, and value is delivered. AI, when integrated into network and business operations, moves telcos from:

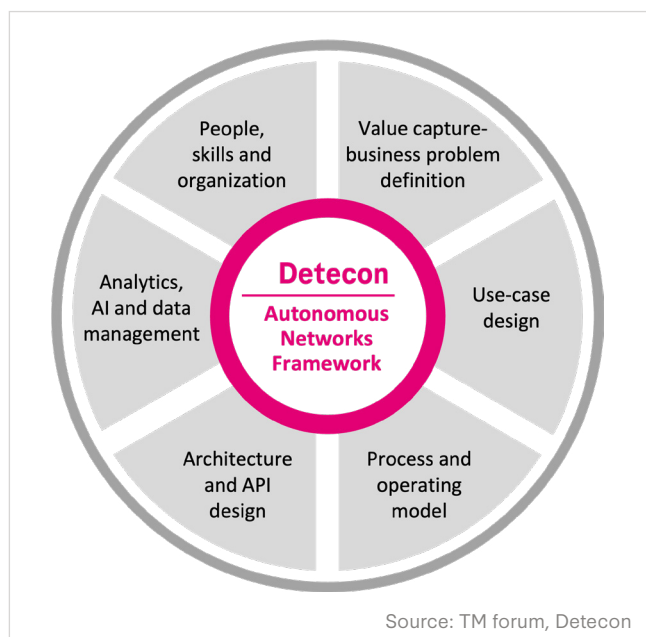
- Static automation to real-time self-governance
- Manual data analysis to continuous learning systems
- Operational silos to connected, insight-driven ecosystems

This shift demands an operating model where AI is not an add-on—but the nucleus of network evolution.

Layering the AI/genAI operating model in relation to the autonomous networks

Defining the operating model will be the key to successfully rolling out autonomous network operations. Most operators struggle to define a comprehensive one given the legacy they carry regarding the network-centric processes and the organizational DNA shift, which is required in terms of mindset change, ways of working, and the newly adopted processes. This plays a significant role in the overall story while implementing the best practices of the operating model. One also needs to understand that this transition and transformation is a journey, and it needs to happen now to integrate the power of automation, analytics, and cognition into the network setup. A possible blueprint of the target operating model is shown below.

Detecon six-pillars of transformation towards autonomous networks



While we define this blueprint, it's also important to acknowledge the associated layers that will drive the integration of analytics and AI/genAI imperatives.

The AI/genAI operating model consists of the following foundational layers:

Data fabric and observability layer:

- Provides unified access to structured and unstructured data across OSS/BSS, RAN, transport, and customer interfaces.
- Supports real-time observability and telemetry pipelines to fuel ML/genAI models.

Model management and intelligence layer:

- Includes modular AI and genAI components for predictive analytics, anomaly detection, capacity planning, and policy-driven orchestration.
- Ensures continuous training pipelines (MLOps, AIOps) to maintain model performance and compliance.

Autonomous decision layer:

- Facilitates closed-loop decision-making using AI triggers integrated with orchestration engines (e.g., ONAP, SDN controllers).
- Utilizes genAI to enable contextual interpretation of intents from operators or users and translate them into executable logic.

Governance and ethics framework:

- Promotes transparent AI with explainability, fairness, and bias detection.
- Ensures compliance with global standards (e.g., GDPR, Telco AI Trust Index).

Human-in-the-loop enablement:

- Focuses on decision augmentation rather than just automation, particularly for critical or exception-handling use cases.
- Empowers employees with genAI copilots for faster decision-making and policy configuration.

The strategic impact on telecom networks

Autonomous networks powered by AI-augmented analytics drive measurable business value across operational, financial, and customer experience dimensions

01

Predictive maintenance

AI models ingest real-time telemetry and historical data to equipment failures and trigger preventive actions. This reduces downtime, increases asset longevity, and optimizes OPEX.

02

Dynamic resource allocation

AI enables real-time orchestration of network resources—allocating bandwidth, optimizing load balancing, and scaling infrastructure dynamically based on usage patterns. This improves both network efficiency and service quality.

03

Enhanced customer experience

AI and NLP-driven insights provide context-aware support and personalized service delivery, from proactive issue resolution to tailored product recommendations—directly impacting NPS and retention.

04

Anomaly detection and self-healing

AI excels at identifying non-obvious patterns across massive datasets. Networks can self-detect anomalies, self-diagnose root causes, and initiate corrective actions, closing the loop automatically.

Benefits of autonomous networks

The adoption of autonomous networks offers a host of advantages to individuals, organizations, and industries. These benefits go beyond operational efficiency, transforming how we connect and communicate.

Enhanced reliability:

Autonomous networks can drastically reduce downtime and service disruptions with real-time monitoring and self-healing capabilities. By detecting and resolving issues promptly, they ensure a seamless user experience.

Cost efficiency:

Automating network management reduces the need for manual intervention, cutting operational costs. Additionally, predictive maintenance minimizes the expenses associated with unexpected failures and repairs.

Scalability:

Autonomous networks are designed to handle growing demands effortlessly. As data traffic increases, these systems can scale up resources dynamically without compromising performance.

Improved security:

By continuously analyzing network behavior, autonomous systems can identify and mitigate security threats in real time. Their ability to adapt and respond rapidly makes them a critical asset in combating cyberattacks.

Optimized performance:

Through AI and ML, autonomous networks continuously optimize their operations, ensuring maximum efficiency and quality of service. They can also prioritize critical applications, delivering better performance where it matters most.

Faster deployment of services:

Autonomous networks significantly reduce the time required to provision new services, allowing businesses to respond to market demands more quickly. This agility is especially valuable in industries like telecommunications and cloud services.

Applications of autonomous networks

The potential applications of autonomous networks span a wide range of industries, revolutionizing the way we work and live:



Telecommunications

Telecom providers use autonomous networks to manage complex infrastructures, improve service delivery, and enhance customer experiences. These networks enable faster rollout of 5G and beyond.



Smart cities

Autonomous systems support intelligent city infrastructures, including traffic management, utilities, and public safety. They ensure efficient resource allocation and enhance urban living.



Healthcare

In the healthcare sector, autonomous networks facilitate the seamless integration of devices, telemedicine, and real-time data sharing, improving patient outcomes and operational efficiency.



Transportation

From autonomous vehicles to intelligent traffic systems, these networks play a pivotal role in creating safer and more efficient transportation systems.



Industrial automation

Autonomous networks are integral to Industry 4.0, enabling smart factories, robotics, and supply chain automation. They optimize processes while ensuring reliability and precision.

Future of autonomous networks

As technology evolves, autonomous networks have significant potential. Integrating technologies like quantum computing, edge computing, and blockchain will enhance their capabilities. Autonomous networks are expected to become a key component of next-generation connectivity, facilitating seamless and intelligent communication.

Implementing autonomous networks, while promising, comes with significant challenges that must be addressed for widespread adoption. These include the complexity of designing and deploying systems requiring deep cross-domain expertise, data privacy and security concerns, and difficulties achieving interoperability across diverse platforms and vendors. High initial investment costs can deter smaller organizations, while regulatory and ethical issues—such as transparency, accountability, and responsible AI use—remain pressing, especially in critical sectors like healthcare and transportation.

However, organizations can tackle these hurdles by adopting open, standards-based frameworks, investing in workforce upskilling, and building strong data governance and AI ethics practices from the outset. Strategic collaboration with technology partners can also help accelerate adoption while minimizing risk.



Conclusion

Autonomous networks represent a change in how we design, manage, and utilize connectivity systems. These networks are transforming various industries using AI, ML, and automation. While there are challenges, the potential advantages of autonomous networks suggest they could be an important part of our increasingly digital world. Looking ahead, adopting autonomous networks may play a major role in shaping a more connected and efficient global society.

About the author



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Niladri heads the Global Telco Consulting and Industry Solutions practice at Virtusa, where he is responsible for delivering several business-led telco transformation programs across geographies. His areas of expertise include enterprise architecture strategy, 5G ecosystems, IoT, operational transformation, analytics, and AI. He has successfully led consulting-driven transformation projects in markets across the UK, Europe, and the Middle East, helping establish the company as a trusted advisor to numerous telcos.



Esa Vesterinen

Principal for Head of Autonomous Networks, Detecon

Esa is Principal at Detecon leading Autonomous Networks Consulting Area.

He supports telecommunications providers on their digital transformation journey towards AI driven Autonomous Networks. In his work, Esa advises his clients successfully in developing value capture, use cases, software stack management, AI integration, and in evolving operating models to enable advanced analytics and data driven closed-loop operations.

Prior to joining Detecon, Esa led the business development for customer experience analytics and closed-loop automation solutions at Elisa, a leading telco in Finland.

Esa studied Industrial Engineering and Management and holds a Master's degree in telecommunications from Tampere University of Technology.



About Virtusa

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Virtusa's unique Engineering First approach means never presenting an idea we can't execute. With deep industry expertise and empowered agile teams made up of world-class talent, we think about execution early in the process, because the earlier you think about execution the earlier an idea can have an impact. Solving from the inside out enables businesses to respond swiftly to changing needs with improved quality, lower costs, and lasting results.

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About Detecon

Think, do, transform: Guiding our customers with our outstanding expertise and an inspiring enthusiasm, we deliver digital transformation all the way by engineering it. Based on our experience as management consultants in digitization, our clients value us as trusted advisors for more than four decades. By joining forces with them, we lead them on their transformation journey into a sustainable, data-driven, and highly connected future. Employing a workforce of more than 1.100 employees in our offices worldwide as well as highly qualified consultants from more than 50 nations, we have both the quality and the quantity to build long-lasting relationships for long-term solutions. Detecon is part of Deutsche Telekom Group. Visit detecon.com to learn more.